#### **Illustrated Glossary of Terms**

American Foursquare Style- See discussion of this style in Section 3 Overview of Styles

Baluster/Balustrade- Also known as a "spindle"; a vertical member in a railing. A

balustrade is a run of balusters.

Casement Window- A side-hinged swinging window.

Cementitious Siding- Most commonly available as lap siding, a product composed of

wood product fibers mixed with cement. "Hardiplank" is the

most well-know brand.

**Colonial Revival Style**- See discussion of this style in Section 3 <u>Overview of Styles</u>

Contributing/Noncontributing

Structure-

A Contributing Structure is one that has been determined to be important to the integrity of the Historic District. Contributing Structures should be maintained and preserved to the greatest

degree possible.

**Cornice-** A continuous projection (usually composed of boards and/or

moldings) that crowns a wall or other structure. See illustration

at end of Glossary

Craftsman Style- See discussion of this style in Section 3 Overview of Styles

**Dentils-** Small, closely spaced square or rectangular blocks located on

a **cornice**. See illustration at end of Glossary.

**Double Hung Window-** A window composed of two sash units which slide up and

down. Typically classified by the number of individual panes in the upper unit compared to the number of panes in the lower unit. Thus, a "three-over-one" double hung window has three panes of glass in the upper sash and one pane of glass in the

lower sash. See illustration at end of Glossary.

**Fascia-** The horizontal piece covering the end of rafters. See

illustration at end of Glossary.

Folk Style- See discussion of this style in Section 3 Overview of Styles

**Fretwork-** Decorative trim with a repeating pattern, typically found under

eaves, in porches and within railings.

Frieze- The decorative horizontal band in a wall, typically immediately

below the cornice. See illustration at end of Glossary.

**Gambrel Roof-** A "barn" shaped roof. See illustration at end of Glossary.

**Gingerbread-** Fanciful, delicate trimwork.

Italianate Style- See discussion of this style in Section 3 Overview of Styles

**Light (or "Lite")** A pane of glass, as in a window or door.

Meeting Rail- The horizontal center divider of a window. See illustration at

end of Glossary.

**Modillion-** A small ornamental bracket, usually scroll-shaped at an eave.

See illustration at end of Glossary.

**Muntin-** A window pane divider.

**Newel Post-** A post that terminates a railing.

Palladian Window- A window with a central arched unit flanked on each side by

square-topped units. See illustration at end of Glossary.

**Pediment-** A low-pitched decorative element above a door, window or

other opening. See illustration at end of Glossary.

Pilaster- A vertical element protruding from a wall surface that mimics

the shape of a column. See illustration at end of Glossary.

Queen Anne Style- See discussion of this style in Section 3 Overview of Styles

**Rake-** Top edge of a gable end. See illustration at end of Glossary.

**Soffit-** The horizontal underside element of a roof overhang. See

illustration at end of Glossary.

**Transom-** A window above a door or doorway.

**Tudor Revival Style-** See discussion of this style in Section 3 Overview of Styles

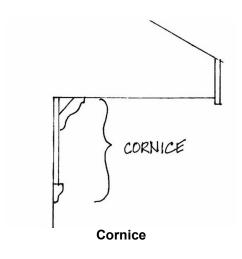
**Tuscan Column-** A simple type of round column. See illustration at end of

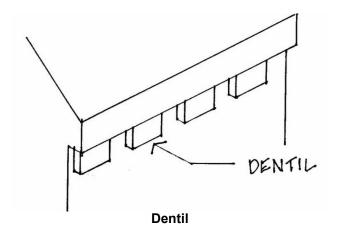
Glossary.

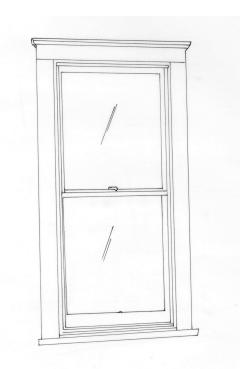
**Vergeboard-** Decorative **fascia** at the rake end of the roof overhang.

Victorian Style- See discussion of this style in Section 3 Overview of Styles

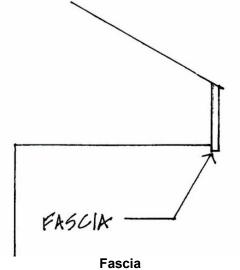
#### **Glossary Illustrations**

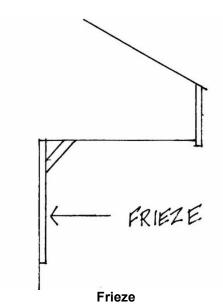


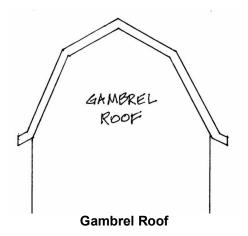


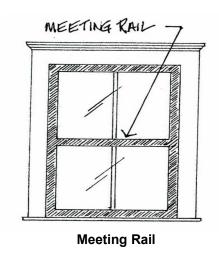


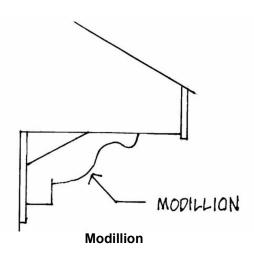
Double Hung Window ("One-over-One" shown)

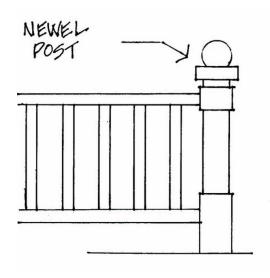




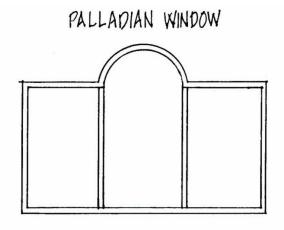




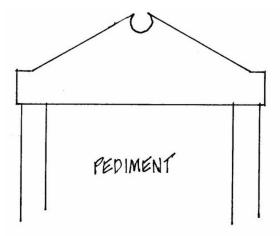




#### Newel



**Palladian Window** 



Pediment

